{Omitted text} shows text that was in SB0204S02 but was omitted in SB0204S03 inserted text shows text that was not in SB0204S02 but was inserted into SB0204S03

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Other Special Clauses:

None

AMENDS:

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1 **Right to Appeal Amendments** 2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH **Chief Sponsor: Brady Brammer** House Sponsor: Casey Snider 2 3 LONG TITLE 4 **General Description:** This bill addresses a right to an appeal of an injunctive order. 5 **Highlighted Provisions:** 6 7 This bill: 8 • modifies the appellate jurisdiction of the Supreme Court and Court of Appeals; 9 defines terms related to a civil action in which a trial court grants an injunctive order restraining the execution or enforcement of a state law or any part of a state law; 11 grants a right to an appeal of an injunctive order in certain circumstances; and 12 makes technical and conforming changes. 13 **Money Appropriated in this Bill:** 14 None

	 78A-3-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344 78A-4-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 516, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 516 ENACTS: 						
	78B-5-1001 , Utah Code Annotated 1953, Utah Code Annotated 1953						
	78B-5-1002 , Utah Code Annotated 1953, Utah Code Annotated 1953						
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:						
	Section 1. Section 78A-3-102 is amended to read:						
	78A-3-102. Supreme Court jurisdiction.						
	(1) The Supreme Court has original jurisdiction to answer questions of state law certified by a court of						
	the United States.						
	(2) The Supreme Court has original jurisdiction to issue all extraordinary writs and authority to issue						
	all writs and process necessary to carry into effect [its] the Supreme Court's orders, judgments, and						
	decrees or in aid of its jurisdiction.						
	(3) The Supreme Court has appellate jurisdiction, including jurisdiction of interlocutory appeals, over:						
	(a) a judgment of the Court of Appeals;						
	(b) cases certified to the Supreme Court by the Court of Appeals prior to final judgment by the Court of						
	Appeals;						
	(c) discipline of lawyers;						
	(d) final orders of the Judicial Conduct Commission;						
	(e) final orders and decrees in formal adjudicative proceedings originating with:						
	(i) the Public Service Commission;						
	(ii) the State Tax Commission;						
	(iii) the School and Institutional Trust Lands Board of Trustees;						
	(iv) the Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining;						
	(v) the state engineer; or						
	(vi) the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources reviewing actions of the Division of						
	Forestry, Fire, and State Lands;						

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- (f) final orders and decrees of the district court review of informal adjudicative proceedings of agencies under Subsection (3)(e);
- 50 (g) a final judgment or decree of any court of record holding a statute of the United States or this state unconstitutional on its face under the Constitution of the United States or the Utah Constitution;
- (h) interlocutory appeals from any court of record involving a charge of a first degree or capital felony;
- (i) appeals from the district court involving a conviction or charge of a first degree felony or capital felony;
- 57 (j) orders, judgments, and decrees of any court of record over which the Court of Appeals does not have original appellate jurisdiction; [-and]
- (k) appeals from the district court of orders, judgments, or decrees ruling on legislative subpoenas[-]; and
- 61 (1) an appeal of an injunctive order as described in Section 78B-5-1002.
- 62 (4) The Supreme Court may transfer to the Court of Appeals any of the matters over which the Supreme Court has original appellate jurisdiction, except <u>for</u>:
- (a) capital felony convictions or an appeal of an interlocutory order of a court of record involving a charge of a capital felony;
- (b) election and voting contests;
- 67 (c) reapportionment of election districts;
- (d) retention or removal of public officers;
- 69 (e) matters involving legislative subpoenas; and
- (f) [those matters described in Subsections (3)(a) through (d).] a matter described in Subsections (3)(a) through (d) or Subsection (3)(1).
- 72 (5) The Supreme Court has sole discretion in granting or denying a petition for writ of certiorari for the review of a Court of Appeals adjudication, but the Supreme Court shall review those cases certified to [it] the Supreme Court by the Court of Appeals under Subsection (3)(b).
- 76 (6) The Supreme Court shall comply with the requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, in [its] the Supreme Court's review of agency adjudicative proceedings.
- 79 Section 2. Section **78A-4-103** is amended to read:
- 80 **78A-4-103.** Court of Appeals jurisdiction.
- 81 (1) As used in this section, "adjudicative proceeding" does not include a proceeding under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Part 4, Appeals, that precedes judicial review under Section 63G-2-404.

- 84 (2) The Court of Appeals has jurisdiction to issue all extraordinary writs and to issue all writs and process necessary:
- 86 (a) to carry into effect [its] the judgments, orders, and decrees of the Court of Appeals; or
- (b) in aid of [its] the jurisdiction of the Court of Appeals.
- 88 (3) The Court of Appeals has appellate jurisdiction, including jurisdiction of interlocutory appeals, over:
- 90 (a)
 - (i) a final order or decree resulting from:
- 91 (A) a formal adjudicative proceeding of a state agency;
- 92 (B) a special adjudicative proceeding, as described in Section 19-1-301.5; or
- 93 (C) a hearing before a local school board or the State Board of Education as described in Section 53G-11-515; or
- 95 (ii) an appeal from the district court review of an informal adjudicative proceeding of an agency other than the following:
- 97 (A) the Public Service Commission;
- 98 (B) the State Tax Commission;
- 99 (C) the School and Institutional Trust Lands Board of Trustees;
- (D) the Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands, for an action reviewed by the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources;
- (E) the Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining; or
- (F) the state engineer;
- (b) appeals from the district court review of:
- 105 (i) adjudicative proceedings of agencies of political subdivisions of the state or other local agencies; and
- (ii) a challenge to agency action under Section 63G-3-602;
- 108 (c) appeals from the juvenile courts;
- (d) interlocutory appeals from any court of record in criminal cases, except those involving a charge of a first degree or capital felony;
- (e) appeals from a court of record in criminal cases, except those involving a conviction or charge of a first degree felony or capital felony;
- (f) appeals from orders on petitions for extraordinary writs sought by persons who are incarcerated or serving any other criminal sentence, except <u>for</u> petitions constituting a challenge to a conviction of or the sentence for a first degree or capital felony;

116	(g) appeals from the orders on petitions for extraordinary writs challenging the decisions of the Board
	of Pardons and Parole except in cases involving a first degree or capital felony;
119	(h) appeals from district court involving domestic relations cases, including, but not limited to, divorce
	annulment, property division, child custody, support, parent-time, visitation, adoption, and paternity
122	(i) appeals from the Utah Military Court; and
123	(j) cases transferred to the Court of Appeals from the Supreme Court.
124	(4) The Court of Appeals does not have appellate jurisdiction over an appeal of an injunctive order
	described in Section 78B-5-1002.
126	[(4)] (5) The Court of Appeals upon its own motion only and by the vote of four judges of the court
	may certify to the Supreme Court for original appellate review and determination any matter over
	which the Court of Appeals has original appellate jurisdiction.
130	[(5)] (6) The Court of Appeals shall comply with the requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 4,
	Administrative Procedures Act, in its review of agency adjudicative proceedings.
132	Section 3. Section 3 is enacted to read:
133	CHAPTER 5. TRIAL, JUDGMENT, AND APPEAL
134	Part 10. Appeals
135	78B-5-1001. Definitions for part.
	Reserved.
137	Section 4. Section 4 is enacted to read:
138	78B-5-1002. Right to an appeal of an injunctive order.
139	(1) As used in this section:
140	(a) "Defendant" means a defendant in the civil action or a party affected by the injunctive order.
142	(b) "Governmental entity" means the state, a county, a municipality, a special district, a special service
	district, a school district, a state institution of higher education, or any other political subdivision or
	administrative unit of the state.
145	(c) "Injunctive order" means a temporary restraining order, a preliminary injunction, a permanent
	injunction, or any order or judgment that restrains or enjoins the execution or enforcement of a state
	law or any part of a state law.
148	(d) "Plaintiff" means the party seeking the injunctive order.
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{(d)} (e) "State law	" means a state	statute, a p	rovision of	the Utah	Constitution,	or any	action	of the
Legislature.								

- (2) A defendant has a right in a civil action to appeal a decision by a trial court of this state to grant, continue, modify, or refuse to modify an injunctive order if the underlying claim for the injunctive order is that the state law, or any part of the state law, is unconstitutional on its face.
- 154 (3) Upon an appeal described in Subsection (2), the Supreme Court shall determine whether:
- 155 (a) the decision of the trial court is correct; and
- (b) {whether} there is a substantial likelihood that the plaintiff will prevail on the merits of the claim that the state law, or any part of the state law, is unconstitutional on its face.
- 157 (4) If a governmental entity brings an appeal under Subsection (2), the governmental entity is not required to post a bond for the appeal.
- 159 (5) This section applies to an action pending in a court of this state on and after May 7, 2025.
- Section 5. **Effective date.**

This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.

3-3-25 11:00 AM